

# FEDERAL ARMY STUTE FORCES UNITING TO CHECK INFLUENZA

## Spread of New Malady, Especially in East, Is So Serious That Massachusetts Governor Issues Proclamation Calling for Closing of Churches, Schools, Theaters; Stringent Regulations Are Also Issued Elsewhere.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—The rapid spread of Spanish influenza, especially in the east, is resulting in the joining of federal and state forces for more effective measures to check the malady.

The serious situation in New England, and more especially in Massachusetts, which has called forth a proclamation by the governor, suggesting the closing of schools, churches and places of amusement, was discussed today by the public health service authorities.

There were no reports early today regarding the situation in army camps, 21 of which yesterday reported the presence of the disease.

Telegrams from many sections indicated that more favorable weather conditions were expected to aid materially in stamping out the malady.

**Spreading in the East.**

Boston, Mass., Sept. 25.—The spread of influenza in eastern New England continued today. Organized measures, in many cities, to meet the situation, were expected to show good results within a day or two, while the return of fall weather promised much toward a reduction in the toll taken by the disease.

The total number of cases have not been available from official sources and estimates vary from 25,000 to 75,000.

**Stringent Regulations.**

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 25.—Stringent regulations to prevent the spread of influenza in Illinois were announced today by Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, director of public health for Illinois. Physicians, nurses, druggists, parents or others having knowledge of a case of influenza must, within 24 hours, notify health authorities.

At Chicago, Ill., Sept. 25.—Dr. M. E. Mills, city physician, reported today that there were 80 cases of Spanish influenza at the University of Chicago. A statement made by the medical officer of the students army training camp, said the epidemic was on the wane.

**Falling Off in New York.**

New York, Sept. 25.—Falling off 25 cases of Spanish influenza in last 24 hours was reported by the health department today.

**Two Cases at El Paso.**

Houston, Tex., Sept. 25.—Seven hundred cases of Spanish influenza were reported today.

**Committee Of 25 Will Continue Work Soldiers Cannot Visit Road Houses**

WORK of the committee of 25 officials in the suppression of vice and bootlegging in El Paso, will be continued.

This was decided at a luncheon held by the committee in the private dining room of Hotel Paso del Norte Wednesday at noon.

It was the sentiment of the committee, unanimously expressed, that the work of the committee has been of great good and that there is still a big field. No letup is to be permitted in the work.

Some interesting facts developed at the meeting. One was that 28 paroled

cases from the county clinic had recently broken their paroles and that of these, 41 were employees of various soft drink places within the city. The committee decided that the proprietors will be held into court for permitting persons to work in their places when diseased.

It also was decided that Gen. J. J. Hornbrook, the military commander of the district, has issued an order forbidding any officer or soldier to enter a road house or public dance hall in the vicinity of El Paso.

Excellent cooperation from mayor Drake during the past week has been reported and cooperation from the police was said to be much better of late than when the committee first began its work.

## The War At A Glance

IN the encircling of St. Quentin and in driving the German and Bulgarians northward in Macedonia, the allied armies are making further progress against increased enemy resistance.

Northwest of St. Quentin, the British have followed up the allied success of yesterday, in which the British and French made further gains toward the town from the west, and are pushing forward in the direction of the southern end of the Chemin des Dames.

Apparently, the allies in Macedonia have completed the splitting apart of the German-Bulgarian forces west and east of the Vardar. The Serbians are pressing northward along the river toward the Vardar, which the enemy apparently will not be able to hold, as other allied forces are pressing forward in that direction from Prijevo.

**Bulgars Are Resisting.**

Standing on the heights along the Vardar, south of Demirkapou, the Bulgarians are offering stout resistance to allied attempts to advance. North of the river, the enemy is retreating on Veles and it would appear that this column has been cut from its comrades further south, thus splitting the enemy forces in two. The Bulgarians fighting on the frontier west of the Vardar probably are those who fled before the French, Greek and British around Lake Doiran.

**May Outbreak Bulgarians.**

It is believed in Paris the allies will press on up the Vardar to Uskub and then swing eastward and outflank the Bulgarians west of Strumitsa, rather than attempt to get over hills on the southern frontier.

In the region of Prijevo, which French diary captured, the enemy is being forced toward the Albanian frontier.

The Bulgarian activity has increased markedly on the American sector southwest of Metz, but infantry attacks have been repulsed. Both the American and German armies and gunners are busy. Artillery, paying special attention to cross roads and troop formations within range.

**Little News From Palestine.**

Details of the situation in Palestine, as it has developed in the last couple of days, have been reported. Only brief, formal official statements tell of the capture of Acre and Haifa and the further advance of Gen. Allenby's forces. It is reported, however, that the Turkish forces which succeeded in reaching the bank of the Jordan, are virtually isolated and in imminent danger of capture. A dispatch from Nabulus on Sunday by a British correspondent says that two Turkish armies have been destroyed.

**"Hon" Was Endearing; It Sounded Like "Hun"**

Macon, Ga., Sept. 25.—"Hon" is an old fashioned southern endearment term that is evidently losing its popularity.

Recently some women called up the telephone at the home of Earl Donaldson, recognizing the answer "hon" as coming from one of the little daughters of the house, she said:

"Please tell your mother to come to the telephone. Hon."

"I am not a Hun," came the unexpected and indignant response. "I am an American."

The receiver was hung up with a bang.

# ALLIES CRUSH HUN ATTACKS; GERMANS AND YANKS ACTIVE ALONG FRONT IN LORRAINE

WITH the American Army in Lorraine, Sept. 25 (By Associated Press).—Airmen of both armies were active early today, and increased artillery action was noted along the lines of the old St. Mihiel sector. Bright skies have replaced the clouds and rain of recent days and aerial observers were sent out by both the Americans and the Germans.

German fliers extended their operations in some cases behind the lines, but sharp counterattacks by the Americans kept them from penetrating far. The Germans were especially active for close operations or for photographic work. Infantry patrols, as well as aviation groups, were active between the lines.

The artillery on both sides bombarded the front lines, the gunners seeking the cross roads and troop formations far and near.

**Huns Try Counter Thrust.**

Part of the German army, German troops last night made an effort to regain some of the valuable ground recently won from them by the French near the western end of the Chemin des Dames. They attacked in the region of the Moselle in this area, but, according to today's war office statement, the effort was an entire failure.

The text of the statement reads: "In the course of the night the artillery was active in the region of St. Quentin and between the Ailette and the Aisne."

German attacks in the region of the Moselle were completely checked.

On the Vesle front, a lively artillery fire was maintained.

French troops repulsed German raiding parties in the Champagne and Lorraine and in the latter region carried out an incursion into the German lines.

Preparations for the great operations in Macedonia began in earnest.

**Two British Aviators Make 65 Huns Give Up**

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 25.—Two British aviators (flying low in one machine, brought about the surrender of 65 Germans, and without leaving their plane, shot down the machine gun, killing one and wounding three. The Germans, in a panic, ceased firing and hoisted a white handkerchief.

August, telegraphs the correspondent of The Petit Parisien on the Salomiki front.

Various circumstances prevented the British from making a general attack, from beginning his preparations earlier and quick work, was imperative, for if the summer heat, heavy clouds, and the winter of the early and severe in the high mountain zones.

**Perishing's Communique.**

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—Gen. Pershing's communique for Tuesday follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Sept. 25: 'Section in the Moselle, successful raiding parties brought prisoners, aside from increased artillery activity in the same sector, there is nothing further.'

**Nogales Man Is Ace; Luke Soon Will Be, Also**

Lieut. Ralph O'Neill Has 5 Official Air Victories; 3 for Phoenix Man.

With the American Forces on the Lorraine front, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press).—The latest aviation records show that none of the American fliers has yet equaled the record of the late Maj. Raoul Lufbery, with his 17 aerial victories.

The latest man to be rated as an ace, although as yet unofficially, is Lieut. Frank Luke, jr., of Phoenix, Ariz.

Although he is as yet credited with only three victories, he will soon have at least one more added to his score. During the operations around St. Mihiel alone he has brought down 11 German balloons and three airplanes.

Maj. Hartney, group commander and an aviator long before the United States entered the war, shares third place officially with Lieut. Edward Rickenbacker, of Columbus, O.

Maj. Hartney, however, has brought down many planes which have not been recorded, while the former aviator has another to his credit during the recent offensive, confirmation of which is expected at any time.

**Bolsheviks Put Guard Around U. S. Consulate Demand Surrender of Allied Officials, Who Have Taken Refuge There.**

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 25.—A number of French and British officials have taken refuge in the American consulate at Moscow, which is under the protection of Norway, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph company.

The bolshevik government has placed a guard around the building and has demanded the surrender of officers and the consulate officials.

This information reached Copenhagen through a dispatch filed at Moscow by the correspondent of the Swedish newspaper Folkes Dagbladet.

**Constituent Assembly To Govern Russia, Is Plan, Approved Again**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—News reached the state department today that the government of the north, at Archangel, had notified the pan-Russian conference, now in session at Ufa, of its acceptance of the plan to set up a constituent assembly as the general governing authority.

The bolsheviks are excluded from the gathering, which is attended and supported by many members of the regularly elected assembly, overturned by the bolshevik movement.

It also is reported that the Siberian duma and the governments at Samara and Omsk have expressed themselves in accordance with the program for a central government.

**TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION THROUGH CHINA, SIBERIA**

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Telegraph communication through China and Siberia has been established with Samara, Ekaterinburg and Omsk, all in European Russia, the Commercial cable company announced today.

**Hertling Complains U. S. Ignores Foe Acquiescence in Peace Terms Of Wilson; German Aims Outlined**

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Sept. 25.—A Count von Hertling, the German imperial chancellor, in addressing the reichstag main committee, complained of the lack of attention his acquiescence in the four points laid down by president Wilson as peace essentials had met from the American executive.

The chancellor asserted that on February 25, of this year, he declared in the reichstag his agreement in principle with the possibility of discussing a general peace on the basis of the four points of president Wilson, while the German emperor, up to the last moment, was endeavoring to preserve peace, the Russian military policy put through the mobilization against the will of the weak and thereby made war unavoidable.

The official account of the Sakhalin trial made this clear to every one who desired to see in France, there was no extension of the war, but the German military policy put through the mobilization against the will of the weak and thereby made war unavoidable.

"When a result was not obtained by the spoken or written word it was achieved by pictorial representations—predictions of absolutely devilish fantasy, from which one turns with horror and disgust."

But the object has been attained. A cry has been raised against Ger-

**Many Have Downed Four.**

Lieut. James McHenry, Brookline, N. Y., and Capt. David McK. Peterson, of Honolulu, Pa., each have four machines to their credit. These men, in addition to Lieut. O'Neill, Y. Lieut. Ralph A. O'Neill, of Nogales, Ariz., and Lieut. R. Hudson, of Kansas City.

Lieut. J. F. Wheeler, of Everett, Mass., who now is missing, has four balloons officially to his credit. He has also downed three German balloons and planes, which have not yet been confirmed.

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**U. S. SUELL IS SENT CRASHING AFTER A MYSTERIOUS SHIP**

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A six pound shell, fired across Long Island sound from Fort Totten, over the bows of a steamer bound east, struck a residence on City Island today and demolished part of its foundation wall.

No one was injured, but the 300 inhabitants of the island were panic stricken.

City Island is on the north side of the town just within the city limits.

A police inquiry at Fort Totten brought the explanation that imperative orders had been received to stop the steamer. The identity of the vessel and the reason for turning her back was not disclosed.

**Swedish Gunboat Strikes German Mine; Sinks With Loss of 19 Men of Crew**

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, Sept. 25.—The Swedish gunboat Glenhied has been sunk by striking a German mine in the Skagerrak, with the loss of the chief officer and 18 men, reported the correspondent of the Politiken, at the Skaw, the northernmost point of Denmark. Perished, it was said, are current at the Skaw that another Swedish gunboat struck a

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RIJO.—"Gates of Gladness," Madeo Evans.

CHAMFORD.—"A Night Out," Ed Radmond.

FOLLE.—"The Cabellier," Raymond McKee and Marguerite Courtot.

WIGWAM.—"Gates of Gladness," Madeo Evans.

(Read Amusement Ads on Page 8.)

# NOTED PRELATE SUGGERS AT ST. PAUL TRAPS REACH LINE AND SET FOOT ON ENEMY'S TERRITORY

Archbishop John Ireland Answers Final Summons Early Wednesday.

WAS CHURCHMAN OF DISTINCTION

Ireland Noted For His Americanism; 80 Years of Age at Death.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 25.—Archbishop John Ireland, of the St. Paul diocese of the Roman Catholic church, died at 3:55 o'clock here today, after a long illness of heart disease and stomach trouble. He was 80 years old.

A score of prominent Catholic clergymen were at the bedside of the prelate, who for many years was a vigorous and commanding figure in the church.

**Belgian Resistance Is Being Encouraged by the Allied Army.**

Franchet d'Esperey on the Bulgarian frontier, beyond Demirkapou pass and Strumitsa station, where furious fighting is proceeding on the left bank of the river Vardar. The Bulgarians are holding strong positions on the heights protecting their own frontier. This is the only place where they are offering much resistance.

**Uskub to Be Objective.**

With the expected fall of Veles, it is believed that the objective of the allied army will be Uskub in order to reestablish the Saloniki-Uskub railway communication. From Uskub it will be easier to move into Bulgaria than by attempting to enter through the Strumitsa district where the natural defenses are exceptionally strong.

**Allied Patrols Have Reached the Bulgarian Frontier and at Several Points Have Entered into Bulgarian Territory, but no Infantry Is Yet on Bulgarian Soil.**

Artillery steadily is bombarding mountain passes through which the Bulgarians are removing their heavy material.

The center column for the recent attack in Macedonia lacked communications except for goat roads. A road was laid out from Dojane to Plojar and the French troops, who had been assigned the task of repairing the Bulgarian line, were in position.

**Believed Safe From Attack.**

The mountainous region from Dojane to Kuchuk, the corresponding adds, is covered with low brushwood and dense forests interspersed with deep ravines. The Bulgarians thought themselves so safe from attack that they did not attempt to interfere with the allied preliminary work. Little by little, as the road was built, guns were pushed up toward the front and huge ammunition dumps constructed. Heavy guns were hoisted into positions at an altitude of 6000 feet.

**Bulgars Are Surprised.**

It was only in the night preceding the attack that the allied troops were brought up. Promptly at 5 o'clock on the morning of Sept. 14, the artillery opened with such vigor as to surprise the Bulgars, who were not aware that heavy guns were facing them.

The artillery preparation lasted all day.

On Sept. 15, at 5 o'clock in the morning, allied creeping barrages began. They rushed the enemy with bomb and bayonet. Senegalese troops captured the front line and 800 German prisoners were taken.

**Reinforcements Thrown In.**

The Bulgarians began to pull themselves together and offered stubborn resistance and even attempted to hurl the allies back over their original line, but allied reinforcements were thrown in quickly.

At 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the allied success was complete. The allied lines, notwithstanding the de-

**British Concedes Defeat.**

Berlin, Germany, Sept. 25.—After fighting yesterday in the region west of St. Quentin, the town of Francilly-Solency remained in the hands of the enemy (the French), says today's army headquarters report.

**Huns Take 55 in Raid.**

A German raid to the south of Olenne, in the region of the Vesle and the Aisne, resulted in the taking of 55 prisoners. A counter attack after the raid was repulsed. In the fighting, says the statement, 23 enemy airplanes and six balloons were brought down yesterday.

**Poe Leaves Army Heavy.**

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 25.—Heavy losses were inflicted on the Germans in their recent attacks in the St. Quentin sector.

British posts in the region east of Aves, near Chaumont, were attacked, and here, too, the enemy was driven off.

**NEWEST BRITISH PLANES ARE NEARLY FOOL-PROOF**

Rebut the British lines in France, Sept. 25.—The absolutely fool-proof airplane has not yet been invented. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.)

**Could Not Read, but He's There With Rifle**

Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 25.—A recruit to Captain Winton's company was ordered to shoot at a certain target, the number being given.

"I can't read, Cap'n," said the recruit.

The target was shown him. When he had finished, his tally was 48 hits out of a possible 50.

The officers say that the mountaineers seldom go under 40 hits out of 50 shots.

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